

Задания по лексике и грамматике

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1–7, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 1–7.

Death Valley

California is generally known for its dry hot weather.

1 No wonder, one of the _____ places in North America, Death Valley, is located in Southern California.

DRY

An average of only about one and a half inches of rain falls each year in Death Valley, and in some years it _____ at all.

2

NOT RAIN

The valley is the bottom of a lake that dried up in prehistoric times, leaving clay and salt in _____ center and sand dunes to the north.

3

IT

No Baseball in Bad Weather

It was late spring evening.

4 The snow began to fall. I _____.

SURPRISE

5 It was the _____ time I experienced snow at the end of April.

ONE

6 Earlier, the temperature _____. And now clouds began moving in.

FALL

7 I knew a storm _____. Would it be a snowstorm? I woke up the next morning to see the ground all covered with snow. There would be no baseball practice today!

COME

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 8–13, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 8–13.

The Loneliest Island

In the middle of the cold South Atlantic Ocean, one island stands alone. It lies near Antarctica.

But it is far enough away that early explorers had _____ finding it.

8

DIFFICULT

At about four miles long, the island is covered with glaciers. It is home to an _____ volcano and huge amounts of ice. The island is cold year-round, with an average temperature of about 29° F.

9

ACTIVE

The steep cliffs that surround the island make sea landings almost _____. This is Bouvet Island, the loneliest island in the world. A French explorer discovered Bouvet Island in 1739.

10

POSSIBLE

However, the island was so difficult to approach that nobody set foot on it for _____ a hundred years. No people live on Bouvet Island, and little vegetation grows there.

11

NEAR

In recent years, Bouvet Island has had a little more _____ with the world.

12

INTERACT

Norway, which claimed the island in 1928, set up an unmanned weather station there in 1977. Today, this quiet island near the South Pole sends weather data to a satellite, which transmits the information to _____ in Norway. Meanwhile, Bouvet Island stands strong and silent in the harsh climate.

13

RESEARCH

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 14–20. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 14–20, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Taming Birds

The most amazing thing happened this morning. I still can't believe it! Everyone knows how much I love feeding birds. In fact, I have several feeders around the yard. So, today, just as I was **14** _____ to fill one of my feeders, I noticed a chickadee perched on the lower branch of a **15** _____ tree. The little bird seemed to be watching me.

Of course, chickadees really like sunflower seeds, and that's what I always put in this feeder. I **16** _____ it was probably hungry and just waiting for me to finish up and leave. It was then that I got this great idea.

Chickadees are supposed to be easy to hand-tame. Well, the chickadee was still perched on the tree, and I had the seeds, so I decided to try. I took a **17** _____ of seeds, held out my hand – palm up – next to the feeder and stood very still. I didn't even **18** _____ my nose when it started to itch! About a minute later, the chickadee flew to the tree closest to the feeder. I **19** _____ my breath and waited. It didn't fly to my hand, but it did fly to the feeder! It took a seed and flew off to eat it. I knew it would be back, so I continued to watch and wait. And sure **20** _____, in about half an hour of patient waiting my stubbornness was rewarded and the chickadee landed on my hand!

14

- 1) about 2) round 3) close 4) around

Ответ:

15

- 1) nearly 2) near 3) nearer 4) nearby

Ответ:

16

- 1) figured 2) counted 3) estimated 4) deciphered

Ответ:

17

- 1) group 2) bunch 3) number 4) pile

Ответ:

18

- 1) scrape 2) tickle 3) scratch 4) itch

Ответ:

19

- 1) stopped 2) froze 3) suppressed 4) held

Ответ:

20

- 1) as well 2) enough 3) away 4) it was

Ответ:

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 21–27, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 21–27.

Math Contest

- | | | |
|-----------|--|------|
| 21 | Mr. Jefferson was a math teacher in Junior High School. Every Friday he _____ a contest for his students. Sometimes they played math baseball. Sometimes they had math relays with flashcards. | HOLD |
| 22 | Other times they _____ a sheet of paper with a hundred multiplication problems on it. | HAND |
| 23 | The _____ student who solved all the problems correctly was the winner of the contest. | FAST |

Supermarket Contest

- | | | |
|-----------|---|-------|
| 24 | The Super Grocery Store organized a competition for kids. Whoever could guess the correct number of jellybeans in the big jar _____ a prize. | WIN |
| 25 | There were exactly 372 jellybeans. Two _____ guessed the right answer. They were Joey Smith and Harry Hopkins. | CHILD |
| 26 | Since there were two winners, both of _____ were given a \$20 gift certificate. Joey Smith decided to spend his money on ice-cream and candy bars. Harry Hopkins spent his prize on videogames. | THEY |
| 27 | The owner of the supermarket told the journalists that contests would become a tradition at the supermarket and that next time there would be the first, _____ and third prizes. | TWO |

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 28–33, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 28–33.

Sneaky Snakes

- | | | |
|----|--|---------|
| 28 | Snakes are very good at hiding. Most snakes can camouflage themselves into their environment. That means they have _____ colours and patterns on their bodies that allow them to look like things around them. This helps them hide from their enemies and be sneaky when they are trying to catch something to eat. | DIFFER |
| 29 | Some green snakes, for example, are practically _____ among the green leaves and trees. | VISIBLE |
| 30 | Rattlesnakes live in _____, dry places. Their patterns of black and brown make them hard to see unless they are moving. | ROCK |
| 31 | Snakes that live in deserts are usually the same colour as sand, which helps them _____ quickly in case of danger. | APPEAR |
| 32 | Also, some snakes that are _____ can look very similar to poisonous snakes. | HARM |
| 33 | Their enemies mistake them for _____ snakes and don't touch them. | DANGER |

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 34–40. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 34–40, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

The Surprising Story of Jeans

Do you know about the California Gold Rush? It happened in 1849. Gold was discovered and 40,000 people called prospectors went to look for it.

Levi Strauss heard about them. He went to California in 1853. But he didn't go to find lumps of gold. He went to sell materials needed for everyday life. He thought prospectors would need canvas for tents. It turned [34] _____ they needed pants. So he made pants out of his canvas. Soon Levi had used [35] _____ all his canvas. So he switched to another material – denim.

In 1873, Levi Strauss partnered with Jacob Davis, a tailor from Nevada. They created denim pants with rivets, or short metal pins, to [36] _____ the pants from falling apart. This [37] _____ the birth of Levi's jeans. The pants they made were strong. They wore well. They had sturdy pockets to hold gold nuggets. Word spread. Soon everybody wanted "Levi's pants". They started calling them just "Levi's". [38] _____ time, Levi's became another name for jeans.

In the 20th century, Levi's jeans became even more popular. If in the 1920s workers in the western United States were their biggest users, in the 1950s, movie stars such as Marlon Brando and James Dean wore jeans in films and on TV. Teens started wearing them, but jeans were not allowed in school.

In the 1960s, jeans became more [39] _____ as more and more Americans wore them. The demand for Levi's jeans grew in Europe and Asia. In the 1970s, a pair of Levi's went on display at the Smithsonian Museum. It was part of the American history collection.

Today jeans continue to be a popular clothing [40] _____. Many other companies make jeans in different designs and colors.

34

- 1) over 2) around 3) out 4) up

Ответ:

35

- 1) up 2) out 3) to 4) on

Ответ:

36

- 1) hold 2) keep 3) stay 4) make

Ответ:

37

- 1) showed 2) pointed 3) noted 4) marked

Ответ:

38

- 1) In 2) On 3) At 4) By

Ответ:

39

- 1) admitted 2) adapted 3) excepted 4) accepted

Ответ:

40

- 1) point 2) thing 3) item 4) piece

Ответ:

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 41–47, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 41–47.

Trousers

Trousers are a recent style in the history of fashion. Men wore tights under short, loose pants until the early 1800s when the

41 _____ real pants for men appeared. ONE

Until the 1940 it was considered that trousers were not suitable for ladies. However, during World War II,

42 _____ factory workers started wearing long pants. WOMAN

43 The fashion quickly _____ on. CATCH

More than Food

It takes more than food to make babies grow up to be healthy and happy. If babies _____, they still grow up.

44 _____ NOT HUG

But they grow _____ and are less healthy.

45 _____ SLOWLY

Also, they will not be as smart or as happy when they _____ adults.

46 _____ BECOME

Many studies show that for _____, love is the most important thing in life.

47 _____ CHILD

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 48–53, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 48–53.

A Dream Come True

Ivan Tsvetaev, father of the famous Russian poet Marina Tsvetaeva, was a professor of History of Art at Moscow University. When he taught his students, he

48 _____ regretted not being able to show them **FREQUENT**
the original antique and renaissance sculptures he spoke about.

49 _____ St. Petersburg, London or Paris, Moscow **LIKE**
didn't have a museum where his students could go and see them.

50 Students could only see small _____ in **REPRODUCE**
textbooks.

51 But it is _____ to experience art by looking at **POSSIBLE**
little black and white pictures. Professor Tsvetaev had a dream of creating a museum. He realized it would be expensive but he still had hope and made a plan.

52 In 1898 the Russian emperor Nicholas II approved his plan and **ADDITION**
gave some money to implement it. _____ money was given by several rich Russian merchants.

53 The best architects were hired to design the building; and **VISIT**
in 1912 the museum opened its doors to the first _____.
We know it today as the Pushkin Museum of Fine Arts.

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 54–60. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 54–60, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Land!

On September 30, 1492, sailors on three ships, the *Pinta*, the *Niña*, and the *Santa Maria*, were worried. They had left the shores of Spain weeks **54** _____. No one knew what **55** _____ ahead. They hoped that they would see land soon, but land was nowhere **56** _____ sight.

Then their luck changed. They began to notice signs of land. First they saw a large flock of birds flying overhead. They even heard the birds call out. Then the **57** _____ of the *Pinta* spotted green reeds floating in the water. Sailors on the other ship also began to see signs of land. The sailors began to have more hope.

Christopher Columbus was the leader of the group. He urged the sailors to be more watchful than ever. He **58** _____ that they fire a cannon when they spotted land.

Then at ten o'clock at night on October 11, Columbus saw a light. Columbus did not trust his own **59** _____. He knew his strong desire to reach land might be causing his imagination to run wild. He asked two other men if they saw the light. The first man **60** _____ to see the light, but the second one did not.

The Moon rose before midnight and lit the water. With their eyes scanning the water, the sailors on all three ships watched silently. Two hours later everyone heard the blast of cannon. The men on the *Pinta* had seen land. All the men cheered.

- 54** 1) ago 2) before 3) early 4) previously

Ответ:

- 55** 1) lay 2) lied 3) laid 4) lain

Ответ:

- 56** 1) on 2) to 3) upon 4) in

Ответ:

57

- 1) crew 2) team 3) command 4) company

Ответ:

58

- 1) questioned 2) said 3) asked 4) told

Ответ:

59

- 1) sensations 2) senses 3) sensitivity 4) sensibility

Ответ:

60

- 1) insisted 2) denied 3) declared 4) claimed

Ответ: